

THIRD GRADE

Reading Standards for the Archdiocese of Detroit

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Key Ideas a	
R.L.3.1	 Ask and answer questions to demonstrate an understanding of a text, referring explicitly to the text as the basis for the answers.
R.L.3.2	• Recount stories, including fables, folktales, and myths from diverse cultures; determine the central message, lesson, or moral and explain how it is conveyed through key details in the text.
R.L.3.3	• Identify and describe characters in a story (e.g., their traits, motivations, or feelings) and explain how their actions and attitudes contribute to the sequence of events).
R.L.3.4	Activate prior knowledge.
R.L.3.5	• Connect personal knowledge and experiences to ideas in the text. Make text-to-self and text-to-text comparisons.
Craft and S	tructure
R.L.3.6	 Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, distinguishing literal from nonliteral language.
R.L.3.7	 Refer to parts of stories, dramas, and poems when writing or speaking about a text, using terms such as chapter, scene, and stanza; describe how each successive part builds on earlier sections.
R.L.3.8	• Distinguish their own point of view from that of the narrator or those of the characters.
R.L.3.9	• Identify and describe a variety of narrative genre including: folktales, fables, realistic fiction.
R.L.3.10	• Explain how authors use literary devices (prediction, personification, point of view) to develop a story level theme, depict the setting, and reveal how thoughts and actions convey important character traits across a variety of texts.
R.L.3.11	• Identify, discuss, and compare both concrete and abstract elements of text: setting, plot, characterization, genre, historical period, theme, tone, moral message, and psychological, political and spiritual implications.
Integration	of Knowledge and Ideas
R.L.3.12	• Explain how specific aspects of a text's illustrations contribute to what is conveyed by the words in a story (e.g., create mood, emphasize aspects of a character or setting).
R.L.3.13	• Compare and contrast themes, settings, and plots of stories written by the same author about the same or similar characters (e.g., books from a series).
R.L.3.14	Map story elements across texts.
Range of Re	eading and Level of Text Complexity
R.L.3.15	• Self-monitor comprehension when reading or listening to texts by automatically using strategies used by mature readers to increase comprehension: predicting, constructing mental images, representing ideas in text, questioning, rereading or listening again, inferring, summarizing.

R.L.3.16	• Plan, monitor, regulate, and evaluate skills, strategies, and processes to construct and convey meaning: decoding unknown words; use graphic organizers to deepen understanding of problem and solution and organizational pattern.
R.L.3.15-7	• Read and comprehend literature, including stories, dramas, and poetry, at the third grade text level complexity independently and proficiently.
INFORMATI	ON TEXT
Key Ideas ar	nd Details
R.I.3.1	• Ask and answer questions to demonstrate understanding of a text, referring explicitly to the text as the basis for the answers.
R.I.3.2	• Determine the main idea of a text; recount the key details and explain how they support the main idea.
R.I.3.3	Describe the relationships and patterns between a series of historical events, scientific ideas or concepts, or steps in technical procedures in a text, using language that pertains to time, sequence, cause/effect, problem/solution, and description.
Craft and St	ructure
R.I.3.4	• Identify and describe a variety of informational genre: such as textbooks, encyclopedia, magazine, and other digital media sources.
R.I.3.5	• Determine the meaning of general academic and domain-specific words and phrases in a text relevant to a <i>grade 3 topic or subject area</i> .
R.I.3.6	• Use text features and search tools (e.g., key words, sidebars, hyperlinks) to locate information relevant to a given topic efficiently).
R.I.3.7	• Distinguish personal point of view from that of the author's text.
R.I.3.8	• Explain how authors use titles, headings, and subheadings, timelines, prefaces, indices, and table of contents to enhance understanding of supporting and key ideas.
Integration of	of Knowledge and Ideas
R.I.3.9	• Use information gained from illustrations (e.g., maps, photographs) and the words in the text to demonstrate understanding of the text (e.g., where, when, why, and how key events occur).
R.I.3.10	• Describe the logical connection between particular sentences and paragraphs in a text (e.g., comparison, cause/effect, first/second/third in a sequence).
R.I.3.11	Compare and contrast the most important points and key details presented in two texts on the same topic.
Range of Re	ading and Level of Text Complexity
R.I.3.12	Self-monitor comprehension when reading or listening to texts by automatically
	using strategies used by mature readers to increase comprehension: predicting, constructing mental images, representing ideas in text, questioning, rereading or listening again, inferring, summarizing.
R.I.3.13	• Plan, monitor, regulate, and evaluate skills, strategies, and processes to construct and convey meaning: decoding unknown words; use graphic organizers to deepen understanding of problem and solution and organizational pattern.
R.I.3.14	Read and comprehend informational texts, including history/social studies, science, and technical texts, at the third grade text complexity independently and

		proficiently.
FOUNDATIO		
		d Recognition
R.F.3.3		Know and apply grade-level phonics and word analysis skills in decoding words.
R.F.3.3a		 Identify and know the meaning of the most common prefixes and derivational suffixes.
R.F.3.3b		Decode words with common Latin suffixes.
R.F.3.3c		Decode multi-syllable words.
R.F.3.3d		Read grade-appropriate irregularly spelled words.
Fluency		
R.F.3.4	•	Read with sufficient accuracy and fluency to support comprehension.
R.F.3.4a		Read grade-level text with purpose and understanding.
R.F.3.4b		Read grade-level prose and poetry orally with accuracy, appropriate rate, and expression.
R.F. 3.4c		 Use context to confirm or self-correct word recognition and understanding, rereading as necessary.
R.F.3.4d		Apply pauses and emphasis, punctuation cues, and intonation.
R.F.3.5	•	Recognize identified grade level specific words and sight words while reading grade level text.
R.F.3.5a		• Determine the meaning of words and phrases in context (synonyms, homonyms, multiple meaning words) using strategies and resources (context clues, concept mapping, dictionary)
R.F.3.5b		Use structural, semantic syntactic, and context cues to automatically read frequently encountered words, decode unknown words and decide meaning including multiple word meanings.
Text Types ar	nd Pı	
W.3.1		Write opinion pieces on topics or texts, supporting a point of view with reasons.
W.3.1a		• Introduce the topic or text about which they are writing, state an opinion, and create an organizational structure that lists reasons.
W.3.1b		Provide reasons that support the opinion.
W.3.1c		• Use linking words and phrases (e.g., <i>because</i> , <i>therefore</i> , <i>since</i> , <i>for example</i>) to connect opinion and reasons.
W.3.1d		Provide a concluding statement or section.
W.3.2		Write informative/explanatory pieces or texts (personal essay, directions) to examine a topic and convey ideas and information clearly.
W.3.2a		• Introduce a topic and group related information together/ include illustrations when useful to aiding comprehension.
W.3.2b		Write with an audience in mind, proper organization, elaboration and clarification.
W.3.2c		Develop the topic with facts, definitions, and details.
W.3.2d		• Use linking words and phrases (e.g., <i>also</i> , <i>another</i> , <i>and</i> , <i>more</i> , <i>but</i>) to connect ideas within categories of information.
W.3.2e		Provide a concluding statement or section.
W.3.3	•	Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective

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	technique, descriptive details, personification, setting, and clear event sequences.
W.3.3a	Establish a situation and introduce a narrator and/or characters; organize an
	event sequence that unfolds naturally.
W.3.3b	Use dialogue and descriptions of actions, thoughts, and feelings to develop
	experiences, reveal character traits, and develop events or show the response
	of characters to situations.
W.3.3c	Use temporal words and phrases to signal event order.
W.3.3d	Provide a sense of closure.
W.3.4	Write expository pieces (news story, article, magazine article) giving facts and
	details about a topic.
W.3.5	• Write persuasive pieces (book review, radio ad, poster) with audience in mind,
	proper organization, elaboration and clarification.
W.3.6	Write descriptive pieces (compare/contrast, introductory speech) with a clear
	detailed picture of a person, place, thing, or event.
W.3.7	• Write reports demonstrating the understanding of central ideas and supporting
	details using an effective organizational pattern (problem/solution) with a title,
144.0.0	heading, subheading, and a table of contents.
W.3.8	Write prayers using drawings, words, word-like clusters, and/or sentences as
14/20	support.
W.3.9	• Use the writing process to produce and present a research project: beginning with
	teacher-selected topic, initiating research questions from content area text, using a
Draduction	variety of resources to gather and organize information.
	nd Distribution of Writing
W.3.10	• With guidance and support from adults, produce writing in which development and organization are appropriate to task and purpose.
W.3.11	•
AA'2'TT	• With guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, and editing.
W.3.12	With guidance and support from adults, use technology to produce and publish
VV.3.12	writing (using keyboarding skills) as well as to interact and collaborate with
	others.
W.3.13	Set a purpose, consider audience, and replicate author's styles and patterns when
	writing narrative or informational text.
W.3.14	Apply a variety of pre-writing strategies for both narrative and informational text
	(graphic organizers such as story maps, webs, Venn diagrams) in order to
	generate, sequence, and structure ideas (sequence for beginning, middle, end;
	problem/solution; compare/contrast, cause/effect).
W.3.15	Write sentences varying in patterns and length to slow down or speed up reading
	and create a mood when drafting a story.
Research to I	Build and Present Knowledge
W.3.16	Conduct short research projects that build knowledge about a topic.
W.3.17	Recall information from experiences or gather information from print and digital
	sources; take brief notes on sources and sort evidence into provided categories.
Range of Wr	
W.3.18	Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and
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	revision) and shorter time frames (in a single sitting or a day or two) for a range
	of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences).
5 / 6:	
Personal Sty	
W.3.19	• Exhibit individual style and voice to enhance the written message (in narrative text: varied word choice and sentence structure, character description; in
	informational text: examples, transitions, grammar usage.)
Handwriting	
W.3.20	• Continue developing cursive handwriting and use in all writing by the end of the school year.
SPEAKING A	ND LISTENING
Comprehensi	on and Collaboration
S.L.3.1	• Engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on <i>grade 3 topics and texts</i> , building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly.
S.L.3.1a	 Come to discussions prepared, having read or studied required material; explicitly draw on that preparation and other information known about the topic to explore ideas under discussion.
S.L.3.1b	• Follow agreed-upon rules for discussions (e.g., gaining the floor in respectful ways, listening to others with care, speaking one at a time about the topics and texts under discussion).
S.L.3.1c	 Ask questions to check for understanding of information presented, stay on topic, and link their comments to the remarks of others.
S.L.3.1d	Explain individual ideas and understanding in light of the discussion.
S.L.3.2	Adjust the use of language to communicate effectively with a variety of audiences and for different purposes (information, requests, discussion, presentations, playground, class room interactions).
S.L.3.3	Determine the main ideas and supporting details of multiple texts that are read aloud or information presented in diverse media and format, including visually, quantitatively, and orally.
S.L.3.4	Ask and answer questions about information from a speaker, offering appropriate elaboration and detail.
S.L.3.5	Constructively and specifically respond orally to the speaking and writing of others.
S.L.3.6	• Be aware that the media has a role in focusing attention on events and in shaping opinions, and recognize the variables (mistakes, misspeaks) in the media.
S.L.3.7	Discern and reflect on virtuous perspectives regarding viewing habits (ex. movies, television, other media sources) that are in line with Catholic Social Teachings and use in conversations with others.
Presentation	n of Knowledge and Ideas
S.L.3.8	• Report on a topic or text, tell a story, or recount an experience with appropriate facts and relevant, descriptive details, speaking clearly at an understandable pace.
S.L.3.9	Create engaging audio recordings of stories or poems that demonstrate fluid reading at an understandable pace add visual displays when appropriate to

	emphasize or enhance certain facts or details.
S.L.3.10	 Speak in complete sentences when appropriate to task and situation in order to
31213123	provide requested detail or clarification.
S.L.3.11	Express time relationships using correct verb tenses.
S.L.3.12	Explore and use language to communicate effectively with a variety of audiences
	and for different purposes: questions and answers, discussions, social
	interactions, and prayer.
S.L.3.13	Be aware that language is to be used in appropriate and respectful ways.
Oral Prayer	
S.L.3.14	• Engage in daily spoken prayers while maintaining appropriate posture, gestures
	and eye contact.
LANGUAGE	
	of Standard English
L.3.1	Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and
124-	usage when writing or speaking.
L.3.1a	 Explain the function of nouns, pronouns, verbs, adjectives, and adverbs in general and their functions in particular sentences.
L.3.1b	Form and use regular and irregular plural nouns.
L.3.1c	 Use abstract nouns (e.g., childhood).
L.3.1d	Form and use regular and irregular verbs.
L.3.1e	 Form and use the simple verb tenses (<i>I walked</i>, <i>I walk</i>, <i>I will walk</i>).
L.3.1f	Ensure subject-verb and pronoun-antecedent agreement.
L.3.1g	Form and use comparative and superlative adjectives and adverbs, and
8	choose between them depending on what is to be modified.
L.3.1h	Use coordinating and subordinating conjunctions.
L.3.1i	Produce simple, compound, and complex sentences.
L.3.2	• Identify and use subjects and verbs that are in agreement; past, verb tenses, nouns
	and possessives; proper nouns, pronouns and modifiers.
L.3.3	• Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization,
	punctuation, and spelling when writing.
L.3.4	• Identify and use commas in a series and begin use of quotation marks and
1245	capitalization in dialogue.
L.3.4a	Capitalize appropriate words in titles.Use commas in addresses.
L.3.4b L.3.4c	
L.3.4d	 Use commas and quotation marks in dialogue. Form and use possessives.
L.3.5	
L.J.J	 Use conventional spelling for high-frequency and other studied words and for adding suffixes to base words.
L.3.5a	 Use spelling patterns and generalizations (e.g., word families, position-bases
L.3.3 4	spellings, syllable patterns, ending rules, meaningful word parts) in writing
	words.
L.3.5b	Consult reference materials, including beginning dictionaries, as needed to
	check and correct spellings.
L.3.5.c	Spell frequently encountered words (multisyllabic, r-controlled, most)

	consonant blends, contractions, compound, common homophones) correctly.		
KNOWLEDGE OF LANGUAGE			
L.3.6	• Use knowledge of language and its conventions when writing, speaking, reading, or listening.		
L.3.6a	Choose words and phrases for effect.		
L.3.6b	 Recognize and observe differences between the conventions of spoken and written standard English. 		
VOCABULAR	Y ACQUISITIONS AND USE		
L.3.7	• Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on third grade reading and content, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies.		
L.3.7a	Use sentence-level context as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase.		
L.3.7b	• Determine the meaning of a new word formed when a known affix is added to a known word (e.g., agreeable/disagreeable, comfortable/uncomfortable, care/careless, heat/preheat).		
L.3.7c	• Use a known root word as a clue to the meaning of an unknown word with the same root (e.g., <i>company/companion</i>).		
L.3.7d	 Determine the meaning of words and phrases in context (synonyms, antonyms, homonyms, multiple meaning words) using strategies and resources. 		
L.3.7e	• Use glossaries or beginning dictionaries, both print and digital, to determine or clarify the precise meaning of key words and phrases.		
L3.8	Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings.		
L3.8a	• Distinguish the literal and non-literal meanings of words and phrases in context (e.g., <i>take steps</i>).		
L3.8b	• Identify real-life connections between words and their use (e.g., describe people who are <i>friendly</i> or <i>helpful</i>).		
L3.8c	• Distinguish shades of meaning among related words that describe states of mind or degrees of certainty (e.g., <i>knew</i> , <i>believed</i> , <i>suspected</i> , <i>heard</i> , <i>wondered</i>).		
L3.9	• Acquire and use accurately grade-appropriate conversational, general academic, and domain-specific words and phrases, including those that signal spatial and temporal relationships (e.g., <i>After dinner that night we went looking for them</i>).		